# **EE BRITISH ACADEMY FILM AWARDS IN 2013**

### PRESS INFORMATION

### **ABOUT BAFTA**

The British Academy of Film and Television Arts (BAFTA) is an independent charity that supports, develops and promotes the art forms of the moving image by identifying and rewarding excellence, inspiring practitioners and benefiting the public. In addition to its Awards ceremonies, BAFTA has a year-round Learning & Events programme that offers unique access to some of the world's most inspiring talent through workshops, masterclasses, lectures and mentoring schemes, connecting with audiences of all ages and backgrounds across the UK, Los Angeles and New York. BAFTA relies on income from membership subscriptions, individual donations, trusts, foundations and corporate partnerships to support its ongoing outreach work. For further information, visit <a href="https://www.bafta.org/guru">www.bafta.org/guru</a>

### **VOTING PROCEDURES**

BAFTA's expert voting membership of 6500 industry professionals votes online in two rounds to decide the Film Awards nominations and the winners.

Following extensive discussion, consideration and research over several years, the Film Committee confirmed a move from a three-round voting system to a two-round system this year

As in previous years, members will vote for both the nominations and the winner in the Best Film category and the four performance categories. Members had the opportunity to opt in to chapters to vote for the nominees and winner in Animation, Documentary, Film Not in the English Language, and Outstanding British Film.

Individual chapters will now decide the nominees and members will vote for the winner in Adapted Screenplay and Original Screenplay, Cinematography, Costume Design, Director, Editing, Make Up & Hair, Original Music, Production Design, Sound, and Special Visual Effects. A chapter is a group of over 80 members with specialist skills or experience in a particular craft area.

A jury decides both the nominations and winner for Outstanding Debut by a British Writer, Producer or Director; the Short Film and Short Animation nominations are also decided by a jury, and the winners decided by an opt-in chapter. These procedures remain unchanged.

Voters are asked to rank their votes in order of preference in Round One – ranked results will be used to resolve any ties.

The Fellowship and Outstanding British Contribution to Cinema awards are both in the gift of the Academy and are decided each year by BAFTA's Film Committee and approved by the Board of Trustees.

The EE Rising Star Award is the only Award to be decided by the public. A jury headed by the Deputy Chair of BAFTA's Film Committee selected the names of five outstanding individuals and the winner is decided by a public vote coordinated by EE.

# **VOTING PROCEDURES – SUMMARY TABLE**

	Round One: produces nominations	Round Two: produces winner
Best Film	All Members	All Members
Leading Actress		
Leading Actor		
Supporting Actress		
Supporting Actor		
Director	Director Chapter	All Members
Original Music	Music Chapter	
Cinematography	Cinematography Chapter	
Production Design	Production Design Chapter	
Editing	Editing Chapter	
Sound	Sound Chapter	
Special Visual Effects	Special Visual Effects Chapter	
Costume Design	Costume Design and Make	All Members
Make Up & Hair	Up & Hair Chapters	
Adapted Screenplay	Screenplay Chapter	All Members
Original Screenplay		
Animated Film	Opt-in Animation Chapter	Opt-in Animation Chapter
Film Not in the English Language	Opt-in FNIEL Chapter	Opt-in FNIEL Chapter
Outstanding British Film	Opt-in British Film Chapter	Opt-in British Film Chapter
Documentary	Opt-in Documentary Chapter	Opt-in Documentary Chapter
Outstanding Debut by a British Writer, Director or Producer	Jury	Jury
Short Film	Short Film Jury	Opt-in Shorts Chapter
Short Animation	Short Animation Jury	

### **GENERAL BACKGROUND INFORMATION ON BAFTA**

# What (or who) is BAFTA?

The British Academy of Film and Television Arts (BAFTA) is an independent charity that supports, develops and promotes the art forms of the moving image by identifying and rewarding excellence, inspiring practitioners and benefiting the public.

In addition to its Awards ceremonies covering film, television and games, BAFTA – also known as 'the Academy' – has a year-round learning programme that offers unique access to some of the world's most inspiring talent through workshops, masterclasses, lectures and mentoring schemes, connecting with audiences of all ages and backgrounds across the UK, Los Angeles and New York.

BAFTA relies on income from membership subscriptions, individual donations, trusts, foundations and corporate partnerships to support its ongoing outreach work.

For further information, visit www.bafta.org or www.bafta.org/guru.

#### Who runs BAFTA?

The Board of Trustees is the ruling body of BAFTA and is currently chaired by John Willis, with Tim Corrie as Deputy Chair. The Academy's President is HRH The Duke of Cambridge. Vice Presidents are Duncan Kenworthy OBE (for Film) and Sophie Turner Laing (for TV) and the organisation's Chief Executive is Amanda Berry OBE.

Each sector of the Academy – Film, Television and Games – is represented by a Committee of industry professionals. The current Chair and Deputy Chair of the Film Committee are Nik Powell and Pippa Harris respectively.

# Learning programme

BAFTA's learning programme creates platforms for BAFTA winners, nominees and members to share their expertise with different audiences. The programme includes around 250 live events – such as the recent 'A Life in Pictures' with Sir Anthony Hopkins and Billy Connolly, and masterclasses with leading craft practitioners – as well as BAFTA Guru, our online learning channel. BAFTA's reach extends throughout the UK, with branches in Scotland and Wales, as well as the USA, with branches in Los Angeles – now in its 25th year – and New York.

# Early history of the Academy

The great British filmmaker David Lean, most famous for his 1962 film Lawrence of Arabia, was the first Chairman of the Academy in the year it was founded – 1947. The first Awards ceremony was in 1949.

The British Film Academy, as it was then known, was formed on 16 April 1947 when its 14 founding members met at the Hyde Park Hotel under the Chairmanship of David Lean.

The first Council of Management read like a who's who of British film talent: Anthony Asquith, Michael Balcon, Alexander Korda, Frank Launder, David Lean, Muir Matheson, Ronnie Neame, Laurence Olivier, Michael Powell, Carol Reed and Paul Rotha.

The first Film Awards ceremony took place in May 1949 and honoured The Best Years of Our Lives, Odd Man Out and The World Is Rich.

The Guild of Television Producers and Directors was set up in 1953 with the first awards ceremony in October 1954. Winners were awarded Grecian masks, designed by Mitzi Cunliffe, a version of which remains today as the coveted BAFTA mask.

By 1958, the Academy and Guild recognised shared aims and principles and amalgamated into the Society of Film and Television Arts. The inaugural meeting of the new Society of Film and Television Arts was held in December at Buckingham Palace and presided over by HRH The Duke of Edinburgh.

In 1976, Her Majesty The Queen, HRH The Duke of Edinburgh, HRH The Princess Royal and Lord Mountbatten officially opened the headquarters at 195 Piccadilly and, in March, the Society became officially known as the British Academy of Film and Television Arts.

#### The BAFTA Award was first introduced in 1976

The iconic bronze mask on a marble base – the coveted 'BAFTA' – was designed by the late sculptor Mitzi Cunliffe and presented for the first time in 1976. Mitzi originally modelled the Award in Plasticine, from which the casting moulds were made, and based the design on the traditional concept of the theatrical tragicomic. The reverse side of the mask bears an electronic symbol round one eye and a screen symbol round the other, linking dramatic production and television technology. The mask is made of bronze and weighs 3.7 kg.

# **BAFTA's royal connections**

HRH The Duke of Cambridge, KG, has been President of the Academy since February 2010.

The Duke's appointment follows a long tradition of royal involvement with the Academy. HRH Prince Philip, The Duke of Edinburgh, was the first President of the Society of Film and Television Arts (SFTA) in 1959 to 1965 and HRH Princess Anne, The Princess Royal, was its President from 1972 to 2001. It was the Queen and The Duke of Edinburgh's generous donation of their share of profits from the film Royal Family that enabled the Academy to move to its headquarters at 195 Piccadilly.

The Duke of Cambridge succeeded Lord Attenborough Kt, CBE, to become the Academy's fifth president in its history. He is supported by Vice Presidents Sophie Turner Laing (representing Television) and Duncan Kenworthy OBE (representing Film).

# Games is the third 'pillar' of the Academy

Since 1998, BAFTA has been celebrating and rewarding the very best innovation and talent from the video games industry, and in 2005, the stand-alone British Academy Games Awards were created, which now sits alongside the ceremonies for Film and Television.

### **Members**

BAFTA is a membership organisation. There are 7,500 members in total and 6,500 Film voters. The annual membership fee, as of January 2013, is £390 (£260 for retired, overseas, and regional members).

# How the Academy is funded

BAFTA is a registered charity that relies on income from membership subscriptions, individual donations, trusts, foundations and corporate partnerships to support its ongoing outreach work.

### BRITISH ACADEMY OF FILM & TELEVISION ARTS KEY PERSONNEL

### **AMANDA BERRY OBE**

### **Chief Executive**

Amanda Berry was appointed Director of Development and Events of the British Academy of Film and Television Arts (BAFTA) in October 1998 and in December 2000 became its Chief Executive. Amanda was awarded an OBE for services to the film industry in 2009 and, in 2012, made The Times' British Film Power 100, the Women in Film and Television Power List and Women: Inspiration & Enterprise's Power 50.

Amanda has been instrumental in the major changes BAFTA has undergone in recent years, successfully positioning it as the pre-eminent charitable body that educates, promotes and rewards excellence in the art forms of the moving image. She is publicly credited with instigating the changes that define the modern, forward-looking Academy as one of the most influential institutions in the arts today. She successfully placed BAFTA's annual Film Awards ceremony on the international stage, which has helped the Academy communicate its charitable message to a global audience. Under her leadership, BAFTA's other Awards ceremonies - the Television, Games, Children's and Television Craft Awards - and its yearround learning and events programme have continued to grow in stature; the latter now delivers in excess of 200 events a year with many being filmed and made freely available via the BAFTA Guru website, cementing the Academy's reputation as the touchstone for inspiration and information. With branches in Los Angeles, New York, Scotland and Wales, BAFTA's international profile continues to grow, and in 2011 Amanda devised and oversaw the inaugural 'BAFTA Brits to Watch' event in Los Angeles, attended by BAFTA President, HRH The Duke of Cambridge and The Duchess of Cambridge. The event received widespread attention from the global press and boosted the Academy's profile, as well as that of the emerging British talent, who were introduced to the leading names in the film, television and games industries in the USA.

Prior to joining BAFTA, Amanda worked as a theatrical agent and in television production. She was a company director at Duncan Heath Associates (part of the ICM group) between 1982 and 1988. Her television career began in 1989 when she worked at LWT. From 1990, Amanda worked extensively as a producer and development executive for Scottish Television Enterprises, both in Glasgow and in London, where her credits included three BAFTA Awards ceremonies.

# **JOHN WILLIS**

### Chairman of the Academy

John Willis is Chief Executive of Mentorn Media and Group Creative Director of Tinopolis plc. John started his career at Yorkshire Television where he directed a string of award winning documentaries including Johnny Go Home and Alice - A Fight for Life. In 1988 he moved to Channel 4 as Controller of Factual Programmes before being promoted to Director of Programmes in 1993. During his time at Channel 4 successes included Trainspotting, Four Weddings and a Funeral, Cutting Edge, Father Ted, Big Breakfast and True Stories. After Channel 4 he moved to United Productions as Chief Executive where United made Hornblower, Paul Watson's Wedding in the Family and Alan Bleasdale's Oliver Twist. He represented United on the Boards of both Channel 5 and ITN broadcaster WGBH. He returned to England in 2003 to join the BBC as Director of Factual and Learning programmes which included The Secret Policeman and Planet Earth. He was a member of the BBC Executive Committee. In late 2006 he joined Mentorn, producers of Question Time for the BBC as well as factual drama like Britz and The Promise.

### **TIM CORRIE**

# **Deputy Chairman of the Academy**

On leaving Bristol University where he was a founder member of the Drama Department, Tim Corrie went straight to work for John Boorman as his assistant/researcher in BBC Bristol. He subsequently worked in various capacities on a number of films including Isadora Duncan (Karel Reisz) and The Adventurers (Lewis Gilbert). This was followed by a short period at Paramount Pictures in London working alongside Max Setton.

On leaving Paramount, he was invited to join Fraser and Dunlop Scripts, as it then was, to help develop that agency in the realms of film and television. Tim worked for the company (which became PFD) for more than thirty years and held the role of Co-Chairman.

In 2007, along with 80 colleagues, Tim left to found a new agency – United Agents. Here Tim continues to represent a large list of clients including some of the leading writers, directors and producers in the country.

## **NIK POWELL**

#### Chairman of the Film Committee

In the early 1970s Nik Powell set up Virgin Records with Richard Branson. In 1982, he formed Palace Productions with Stephen Woolley and executive produced all productions, including three Neil Jordan films: the award-winning The Company of Wolves, the Oscar-nominated and Cannes award-winning Mona Lisa and the Oscar- and BAFTA-winning The Crying Game. In 1992 Nik and Stephen formed Scala Productions where they produced Terence Davies' The Neon Bible, the Oscar-nominated and Golden Globe-winning Little Voice by Mark Herman and Fred Schepsi's Last Orders. Nik's last film was Ladies in Lavender starring Dame Judi Dench.

Nik is the Director of the National Film and Television school, Vice Chair of the European Film Academy and is a member of the Chevalier dans l'Ordre des Arts et Lettres.

### **PIPPA HARRIS**

# Deputy Chairman of the Film Committee

Pippa started her career at Jacaranda Productions as a production assistant in 1989. After that she worked as a script editor for ITV and Channel Four, before becoming Development Executive at BBC Films. She was then promoted to Executive Producer, BBC Drama Serials where her productions included The Way We Live Now, Care, The Sleeper, Love in a Cold Climate and Warriors. In 2001 she became Head of Drama Commissioning for the BBC, working alongside Jane Tranter. BBC commissions included State Of Play, The Lost Prince, Cutting It, Flesh and Blood and Daniel Deronda. In 2003, she co-founded film and theatre production company, Neal Street Productions, with partners Sam Mendes and Caro Newling. Here she heads up the film and TV side. Since forming the company, Pippa has produced films Starter for Ten and Jarhead and the upcoming contemporary British thriller, Blood, starring Paul Bettany and Mark Strong, which will be released in March 2013. Pippa has also executive produced the films Revolutionary Road, Things We Lost in the Fire and Away We Go. For TV, Pippa has produced Stuart A Life Backwards, with Tom Hardy and Benedict Cumberbatch, and executive produced the hugely successful Call the Midwife, which returned for a Christmas Special and has a second series due to start at the end of January 2013, as well as the critically acclaimed The Hollow Crown - a series of Shakespeare films for the BBC/PBS — starring Ben Whishaw, Tom Hiddleston and Jeremy Irons.